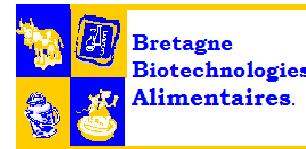




Growth, metabolic activity and stress of acid lactic bacteria during manufacture and ripening of swiss-type Emmental cheese by TTGE, real time and RT-Q-PCR



Florence Postollec





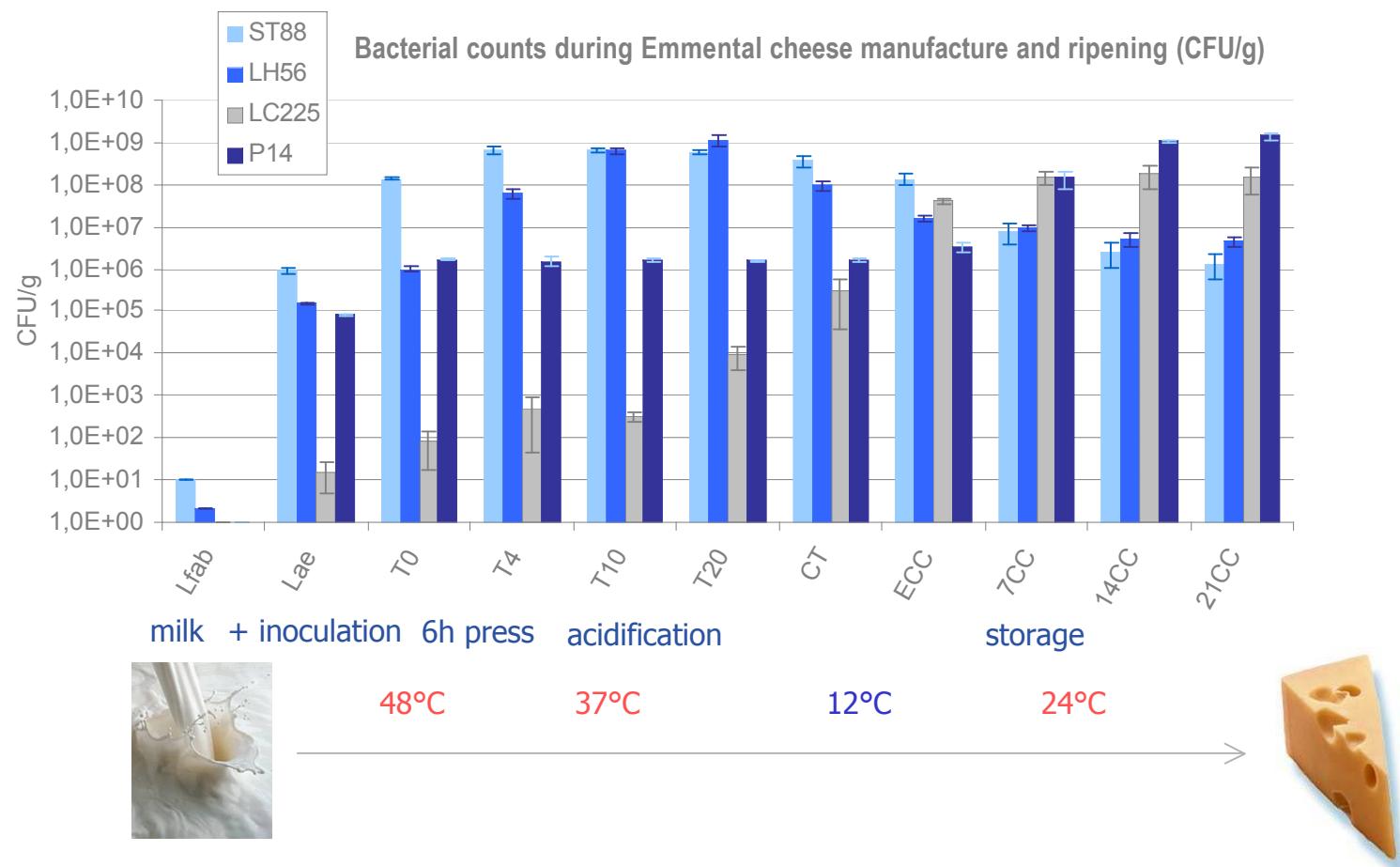
Goal & experimental set-up

- ✓ Evaluate growth, metabolic activity and stress level of 4 targeted lactic acid bacteria during cheese making process by molecular methods
 - *Streptococcus thermophilus ST88 (ST88)*
 - *Propionibacterium freudenreichii ITG P14 (P14)*
 - *Lactobacillus helveticus LH56 (LH56)*
 - *Lactobacillus paracasei LC225 (LC225)*
- Pilot scale Emmental cheese productions (triplicata)
- PCR-TTGE & RT-Q-PCR-TTGE (16S rRNA)
- Q-PCR & RT-Q-PCR (x3)
 - Metabolic activity (**16S rRNA**)
 - Stress level (*GroL*)



Growth of lactic acid bacteria during manufacture & ripening of Emmental

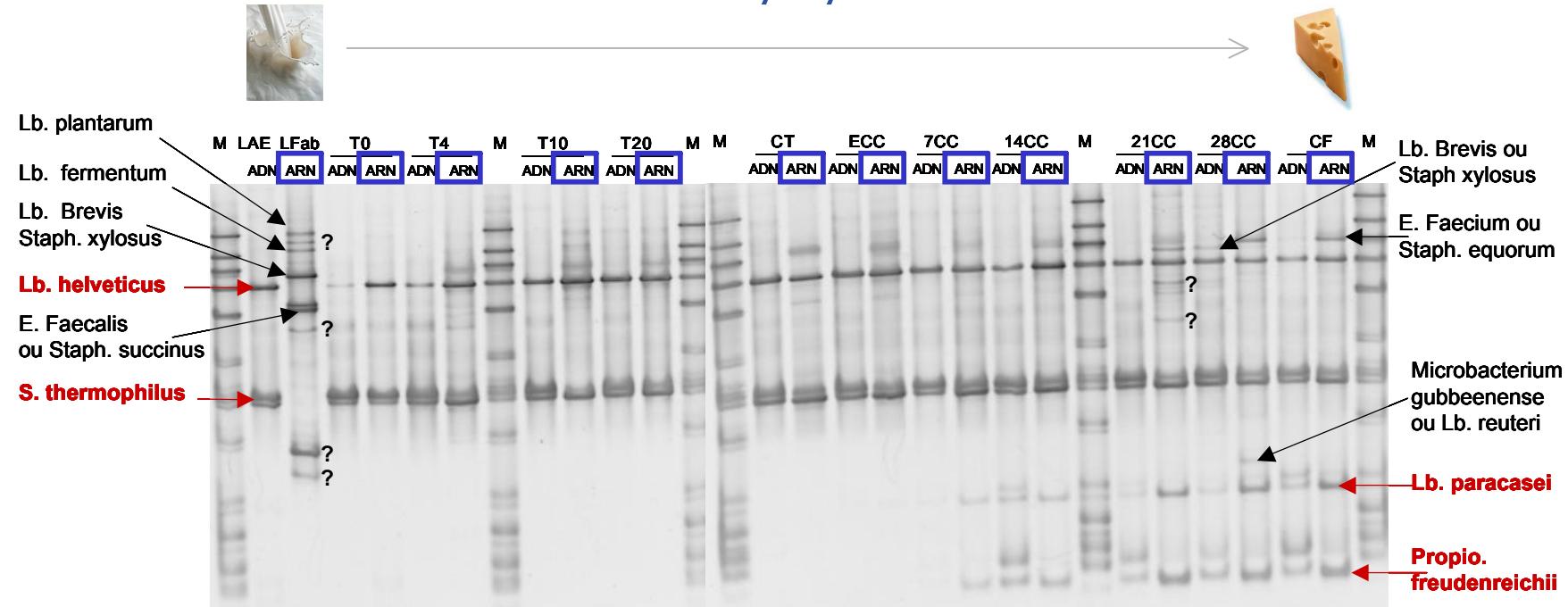
- ✓ Sampling steps during cheese manufacture & ripening





Metabolic activity and stress level of lactic acid bacteria during manufacture & ripening of Emmental

✓ Dominance & metabolic activity by PCR-TTGE



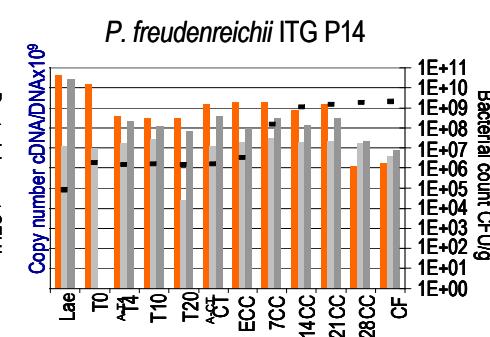
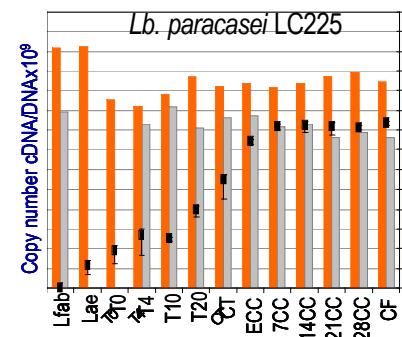
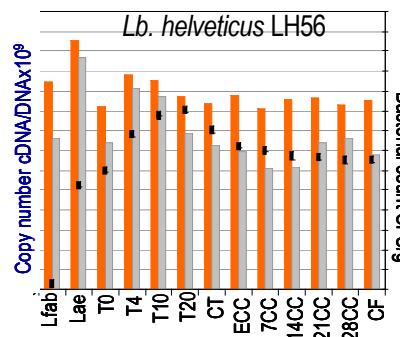
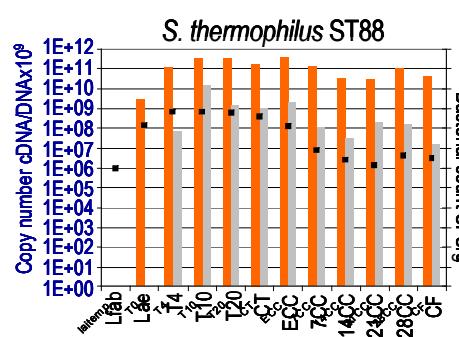
→ LH56, ST88: population & metabolic activity observed along the process

→ LC225, P14: metabolic activity mainly observed for the last stages of process



Metabolic activity and stress level of lactic acid bacteria during manufacture & ripening of Emmental

- ✓ Metabolic activity & stress level by RT-Q-PCR
 - Specific bacterial counts (■ UFC/ml)
 - Q-PCR quantification for 16S rRNA (■) & GroL(■)



- Metabolic activity & stress response quantified for both dominant & minor populations
- valuable biomarkers to evaluate cellular activity & improve NSLAB quantification

RT-Q-PCR is a discriminative & accurate tool for direct comparative measures to further study LAB behaviour during dairy product processes

Thanks for your attention ➤ poster C17 ✉ florence.postollec@adria.tm.fr